The Palliative Approach for Advanced Lung Disease in Long Term Care

Canadian Hospice Palliative Care Association Association canadienne de soins palliatifs



A RESOURCE FOR RESIDENTS, FAMILY AND FRIENDS

What is a Palliative Approach?

This pamphlet was made to help persons with **Advanced Lung Disease (ALD)** and their families know what to expect at the end of life so they can plan ahead. Talking about preferences early on is an important first step to **a Palliative Approach to Care**.

A PALLIATIVE APPROACH:

- Is for residents in long term care (LTC) with conditions that have no cure
- Shifts focus from prolonging life to maintaining quality of life
- Is an active approach that can start at any stage of chronic illness
- Is part of usual care
- Does not require a referral





A PALLIATIVE APPROACH INCLUDES:

- Treatment of curable conditions
- Pain and symptom management
- Social and spiritual support

For more information, please visit: <u>www.virtualhospice.ca</u> <u>advancecareplanning.ca</u>



What is Advanced Lung Disease?

Advanced Lung Disease is a chronic **progressive life-limiting illness**. This means that symptoms worsen over time and may affect how long one lives.

ADVANCED LUNG DISEASE:

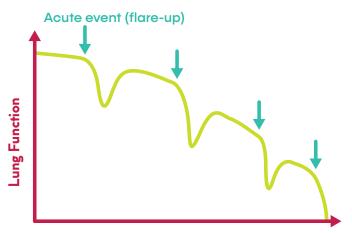
- Occurs when damaged lungs are not exchanging oxygen and carbon dioxide as they should
- Is a group of chronic lung illnesses (e.g. emphysema, chronic bronchitis, bronchiectasis, and asthma)

RESIDENTS WITH ADVANCED LUNG DISEASE:

- Will have bad days (more symptoms) and good days (less symptoms)
- Can live for months or years

How Does Advanced Lung Disease Progress?

It is difficult to predict how long someone with Advanced Lung Disease will live, so it is good to hope for the best and plan for the worst.



Disease Progression

Living with Advanced Lung Disease

The progression of Advanced Lung Disease cannot be reversed and there is no cure. Being well-informed will help you to make care decisions.

TALK TO YOUR OR YOUR RELATIVE OR FRIEND'S HEALTH CARE PROVIDER IF YOU NOTICE:

- More shortness of breath with little activity or at rest
- More weakness or tiredness (fatigue)
- Cough and wheezes with more sputum
- Decreased activity level (stays in bed or chair)
- Low appetite and weight loss
- Swelling in feet and ankles (edema)
- More hospital visits or respiratory tract infections
- More problems with cognitive function



Tips for Family & Friends

BEFORE A CARE DECISION IS MADE:

- Consider your relative or friend's end of life values and preferences
- Stay informed and ask questions
- Encourage your relative or friend to be as independent and participate in as many decisions as he or she is able

WITH A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, EXPLORE AND DISCUSS OPTIONS:

- To help with shortness of breath and coughing (e.g. opioids, oxygen therapy, breathing techniques)
- To prevent infections (e.g. hand washing, flu and pneumonia shots, avoid touching face)
- For diet (e.g. dealing with low appetite)
- For dealing with fatigue (e.g. promote physical activity)



Your health is important too. If you are feeling overwhelmed, seek support from your health care provider.

What should I ask about?

- What are my or my relative or friend's biggest fears about my/his/her health?
- How can I help maintain my or my relative or friend's quality of life?
- What symptoms do I, my relative or my friend have that are related to Advanced Lung Disease?
- What are the options if I develop or my relative or friend develops heart failure as a result of Advanced Lung Disease?
- What should I expect when I am or my relative or friend is dying?
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Online Resources

- 1. Lung Association www.lung.ca
- 2. Canadian Hospice and Palliative Care Association <u>www.chpca.ca</u>
- 3. See SPA-LTC website for more resources www.spaltc.ca/resource-library/

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